

Sweden's largest contribution to total EU imports from non-EU countries in 2023 was made in wood products.

In the table on the right, the import volumes displayed per commodity group include all the products under the Regulation in each of these groups. The percentages indicate Sweden's share of total non-EU imports into the EU27.

Commodity Group		Total non-EU imports by EU27 in 2023 (MT)	SE share of total non-EU imports in 2023 (%)
00	Wood	42,086,940	13.1%
OF	Soy	29,184,625	0.6%
	Rubber	6,325,275	1.8%
The second secon	Cattle	680,385	2.3%
<b>X</b>	Palm oil	9,522,653	2.8%
	Coffee	2,744,844	3.1%
	Cocoa	2,688,501	0.3%
	TOTAL	93,233,223	6.7%

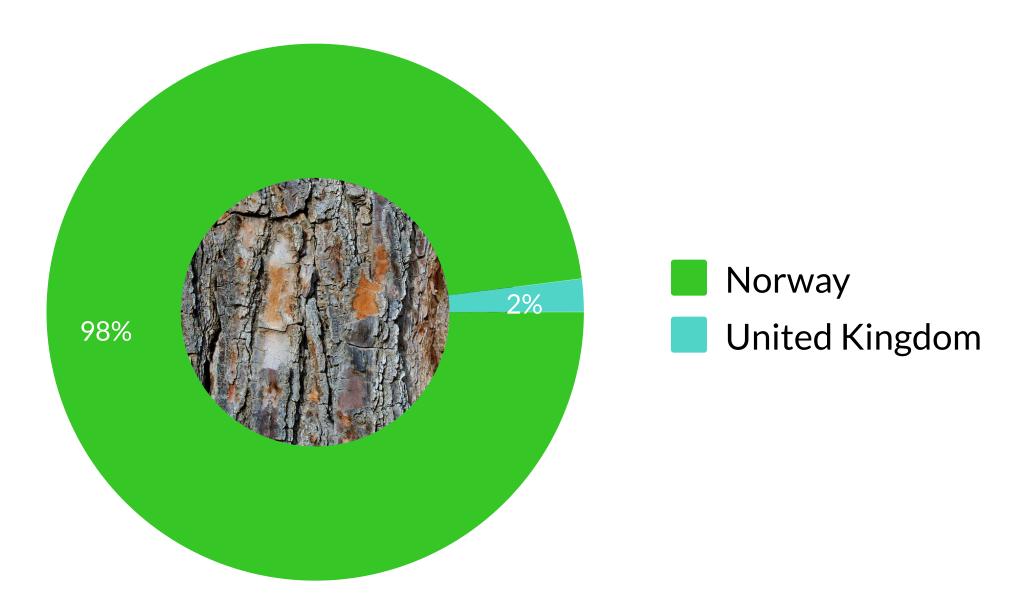




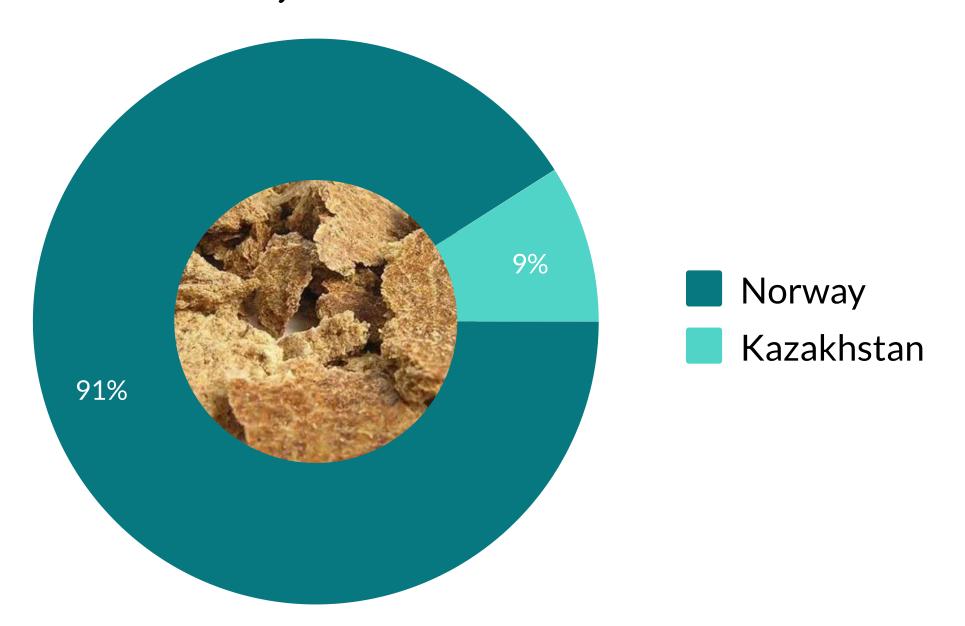
The European Climate Foundation has supported the development of EU Member State profiles. Responsibility for the information and views set out in this report lies with the authors. The European Climate Foundation cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained or expressed therein.



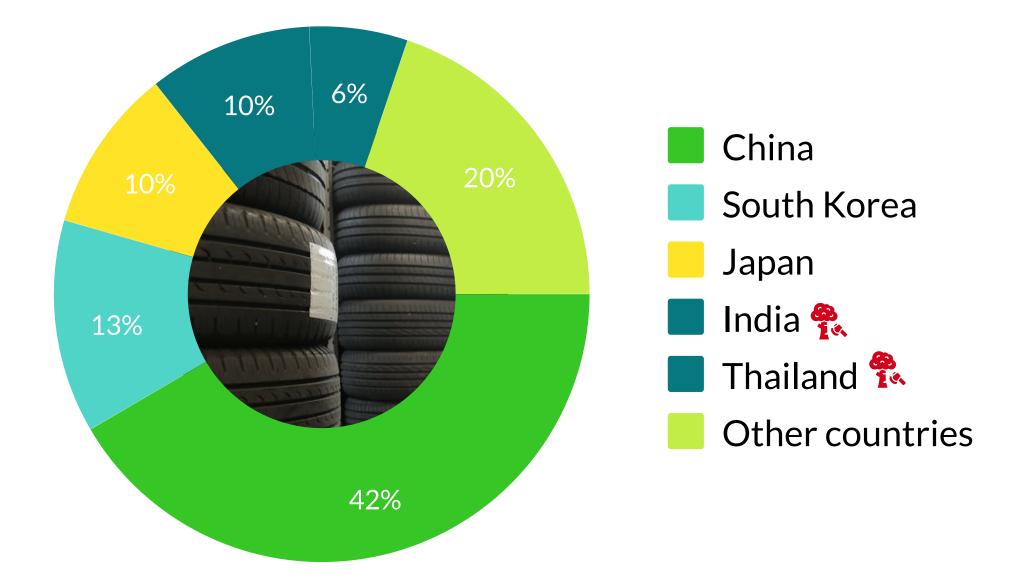
HS 4403 - Wood in the rough



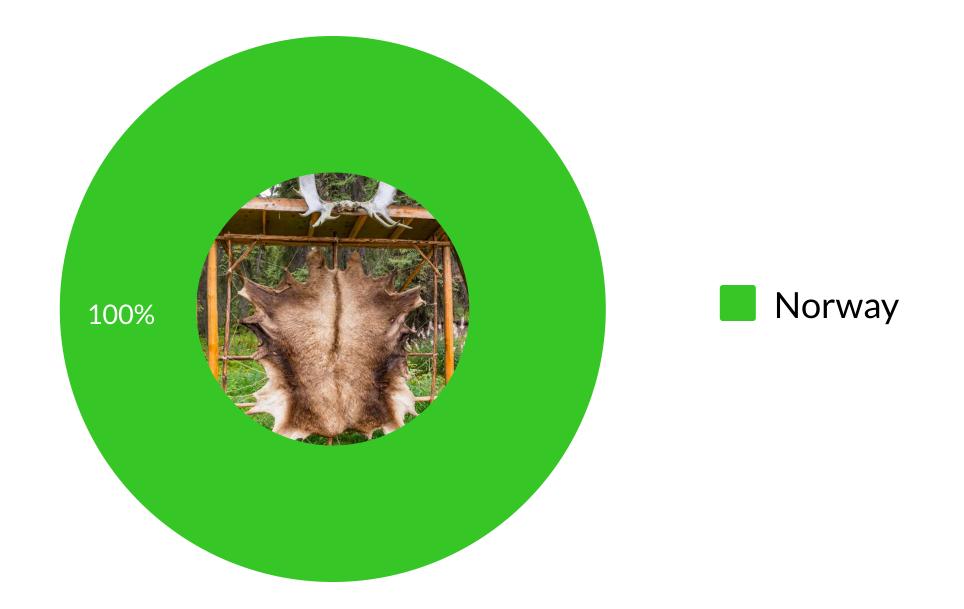
HS 2304- Soy oilcake



HS 4011 - New Pneumatic tyres

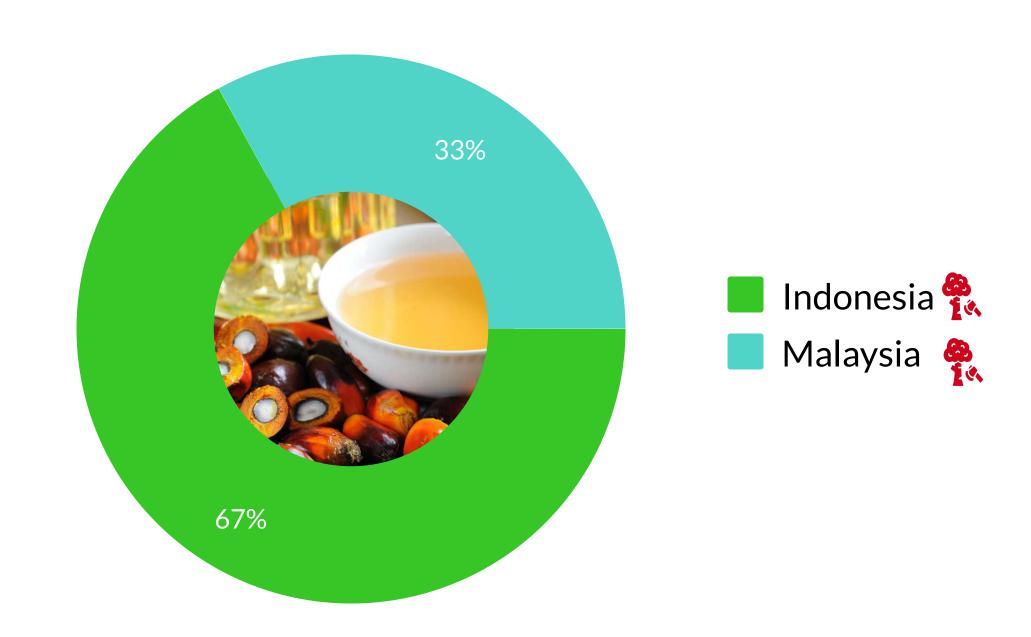


HS 4101 - Cattle raw hides and skins

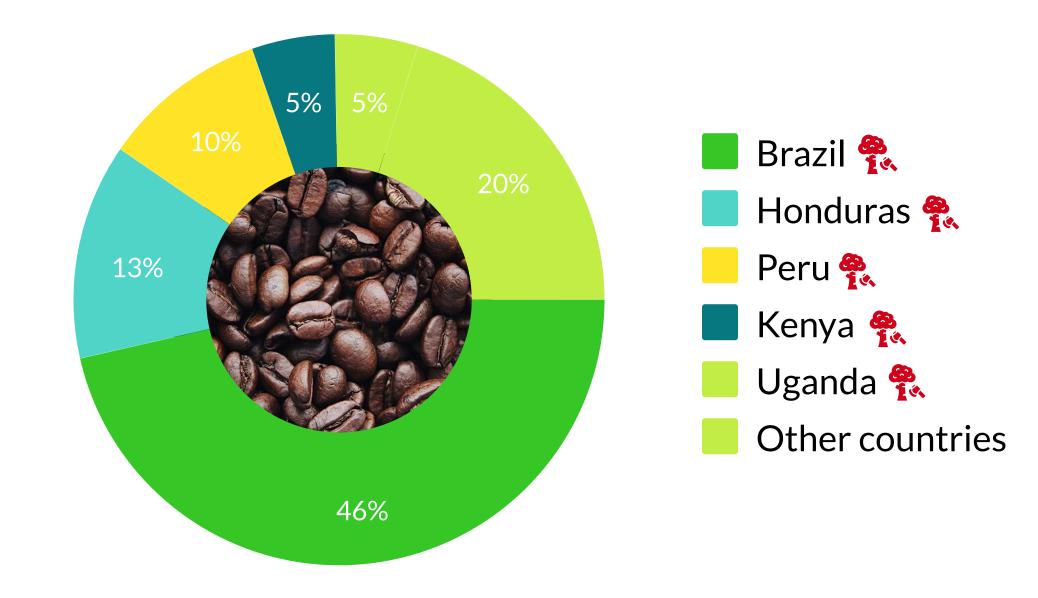


The pie charts show only the number one product per commodity group that is most imported in Sweden. The charts also display the non-EU countries that supply 1% or more of such products to the Sweden. The "red tree" icon highlights potential deforestation risks in the respective supplier countries.

HS 1511- Palm oil and its fractions



HS 0901 - Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated



HS 1806 -Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa

